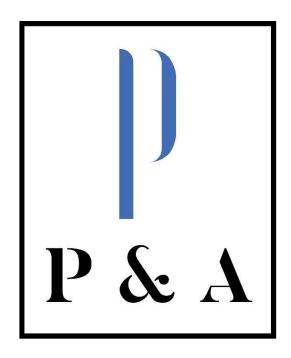
# NELSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2023



PATRICK & ASSOCIATES, LLC

124 Candlewood Drive

Winchester, KY 40391

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124 Candlewood Drive Winchester, KY 40391

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Board of Education of the Nelson County School District Bardstown, KY

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Nelson County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Nelson County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Nelson County School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract, including Appendix II Instructions for Submissions of the Audit Report.* Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Nelson County School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions

#### **Change in Accounting Principle**

As described in Note 1, the Nelson County School District implemented the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, Subscription – Based Information Technology Arrangements, for the year ended June 30, 2023, which represents a change in accounting principle. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Nelson County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Nelson County School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Nelson County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and pension and OPEB information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Nelson County School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, school activity fund statements, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

#### **Supplementary Information (Continued)**

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, school activity fund statements, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 10, 2023, on our consideration of the Nelson County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Nelson County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit preformed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Nelson County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Patrick & Associates, LLC Winchester, Kentucky

farming R. Patrick, CPA

November 10, 2023

#### **Management Discussion and Analysis**

As management of the Nelson County Board of Education (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- In the government-wide statements, the assets and deferred outflows of the District exceeded its total liabilities and deferred inflows on June 30, 2023 by \$30,387,008. Of this amount, \$36,972,384 represents the District's investment in capital assets net of related debt, \$12,605,641 is restricted, \$965,445 is related to the business-type activities and the remainder is an unrestricted net deficit of \$20,156,462.
- The District's ending net position increased by \$8,257,291, primarily due to increases in total assets and deferred outflows of approximately \$10.5 million offset by increases in total liabilities and deferred inflows of approximately \$2.3 million. The main increase in cash included in the total assets and deferred outflows can be attributed to increased tax revenues and grant funding received for renovations to the UP Center.
- The District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$20,207,814, an increase of \$10,347,654. Approximately 62 percent of this amount, \$12,605,641, is restricted for facility needs, approximately 1 percent, \$179,102, is committed for employee compensated absences, and 37 percent, \$7,423,071, is available for the District's operating needs.
- The general fund received \$52,154,326 in revenues, which primarily consisted of funding from the State's Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) program, and revenues from taxes which include property, motor vehicle, and utility taxes.
- The District levied tax rates of 73.2 cents for both real estate and tangible taxes, and 54.8 cents for motor vehicle taxes per \$100 in assessed value and 3% for utility tax.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner like a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District at year-end with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the net position of the District changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

In both statements, the District's activities are shown in one category as governmental activities. The governmental activities of the District include services related to K-12 education. These activities are primarily supported through property taxes, Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) funding, and other intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements begin on page 10 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary fund, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decision. The Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains eight individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and in the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the general Fund, special revenue fund, district activity fund, student activity fund, capital outlay fund, facilities Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) fund, construction fund and the debt service fund.

**Proprietary funds.** The District maintains three proprietary funds. The enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The District uses the enterprise funds to accounts for its operations for school food service, day care service and adult education service programs.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 18-20 of this report.

**Fiduciary funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the district's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The District currently does not maintain a fiduciary fund.

#### Notes to the basic financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements start on page 21 this report.

#### Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This information starts on page 52 of this report.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for each of its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general and special revenue fund.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$29,201,000 for governmental activities and \$1,186,008 for business-type activities at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

#### **Nelson County Board of Education Comparative Statement of Net Position**

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-type Activities		
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	
Assets					
Current and other assets	\$ 23,569,504	\$ 11,814,296	\$ 2,510,128	\$ 1,957,389	
Net capital assets	78,071,821	84,912,594	220,563	287,757	
Total assets	101,641,325	96,726,890	2,730,691	2,245,146	
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred pension differences and contributions					
made after measurement date	13,727,860	8,662,295	646,146	379,424	
Deferred saving from refunding bonds	689,852	883,680	<u> </u>	-	
Total deferred outflows of resources	14,417,712	9,545,975	646,146	379,424	
Total assets and					
deferred outflows of resources	116,059,037	106,272,865	3,376,837	2,624,570	
Liabilities					
Current liabilities	7,324,167	7,034,117	233,567	752	
Non-current liabilities:					
Debt service due in more than one year	37,950,421	41,583,275	-	-	
Net pension liability	16,659,062	14,851,748	784,114	650,462	
Other post-employment benefits liability	15,727,858	11,475,086	740,283	502,655	
Total liabilities	77,661,508	74,944,226	1,757,964	1,153,869	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions	2,042,164	2,826,532	96,121	123,794	
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	7,154,365	7,347,619	336,744	321,856	
Total deferred inflows of resources	9,196,529	10,174,151	432,865	445,650	
Total liabilities and					
deferred inflows of resources	86,858,037	85,118,377	2,190,829	1,599,519	
Net pension					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	36,751,821	38,972,594	220,563	287,757	
Restricted	11,643,162	4,314,866	-	=	
Other	962,479	-	965,445	737,294	
Unrestricted	(20,156,462)	(22,132,972)			
Total net position	\$ 29,201,000	\$ 21,154,488	\$ 1,186,008	\$ 1,025,051	

A significant portion of the District's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., buildings, vehicles, and equipment.) The District used the capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

There were increases in the total assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$10,538,439, an increase in the net pension liability by \$1,940,966, an increase in the other post-employment benefit liability of \$4,490,400 and a decrease of \$990,407 reported in deferred inflows. These changes are from the calculation of the pension liability for the District's proportionate share of the pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities.

**Changes in net position.** District's net position increased by \$8,257,291 from the prior fiscal year.

#### **Nelson County Board of Education Comparative Statement of Activities**

			Increase
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	(Decrease)
Revenues			
Program revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 1,112,915	\$ 453,528	\$ 659,387
Operating grants and contributions	39,241,107	25,008,238	14,232,869
Capital grants and contributions	832,351	832,256	95
General revenues			
Taxes	30,101,351	27,198,412	2,902,939
State and federal grants	11,221,284	11,484,990	(263,706)
Student activities	1,518,128	1,455,340	62,788
Other local revenue	514,773	761,518	(246,745)
Gain (loss) on sale of equipment	-	13,300	(13,300)
Unrestricted investment earnings	842,739	(12,429)	855,168
Total revenues	85,384,648	67,195,153	18,189,495
Evnances			
Expenses	27 005 502	22 720 017	4 1 5 4 5 9 5
Instruction	37,885,502	33,730,917	4,154,585
Support services	15,373,761	13,792,648	1,581,113
Plant operations and maintenance	5,103,015	4,894,189	208,826
Student transportation	3,014,451	3,176,696	(162,245)
Day care	556,408	632,542	(76,134)
Community Services Operations	433,930	388,317	45,613
Land/site acquisitions	32,643	36,763	(4,120)
Building improvements	859,827	65 <i>,</i> 979	793,848
Building acquisition/construction	958,875	-	958,875
Debt Service	1,237,160	1,338,770	(101,610)
Depreciation	7,432,497	326,514	7,105,983
Food service operations	3,093,181	1,278,846	1,814,335
Adult education operations	837,074	-	837,074
Daycare operations	309,033	62,944	246,089
Total Expenses	77,127,357	59,725,125	17,402,232
Change in net position	8,257,291	7,470,028	787,263
Net position - beginning	22,129,717	14,709,511	7,420,206
Net position - ending	\$ 30,387,008	\$ 22,179,539	\$ 8,207,469

As noted earlier, the District used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

#### **Financial Highlights**

#### **Governmental Activities**

The governmental activities include the following funds: general, special revenue, district activity, student activity, capital outlay, facility support program, construction, and debt service. These programs had revenues of \$80,666,115 and expenditures of \$70,460,114. Of the revenues, \$240,454 related to charges for services, \$35,454,403 from operating grants and contributions, \$832,351 from capital grants and contributions, and \$44,138,907 related to general revenues and transfers.

Overall governmental net position increased by \$8,046,512.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

The business-type activities are school food, daycare and adult education services. These programs had revenues of \$4,718,533 and expenses of \$4,507,754 for the fiscal year 2023. Of the revenues, \$872,461 related to charges for services, \$3,786,704 from operating grants and contributions, \$59,368 related to investment earnings.

Overall Business-Type net position increased by \$210,779.

#### **General Fund Budget Highlights**

The District's budget is prepared according to Kentucky law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The State Department of Education requires a zero-based budget with any budgeted remaining fund balance shown as a contingency expense in the budget process. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

A variance comparison is presented between the final budgeted amounts and the actual amounts. Revenues for the General Fund were budgeted at \$49,285,708 with actual amounts totaling \$52,154,326. Budgeted expenditures were \$55,200,819 compared to actual expenditures of \$51,834,611.

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of the fiscal year 2023, the District had \$78,292,384 invested in capital assets, \$78,071,821 is in governmental activities. For the fiscal year, capital asset increases totaled \$524,530 and depreciation totaled \$7,432,497. At June 30, 2022, the District had \$85,200,351 invested in capital assets, \$84,912,594 is in governmental activities. See detailed table in the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Debt**

At June 30, 2023, the District had \$41,320,000 in bonds outstanding, of this amount \$2,696,131 is to be paid from the KSFCC funding provided by the State of Kentucky. A total of \$3,600,000 is due within one year. At June 30, 2022, the District had \$45,940,000 in bonds outstanding. See detailed table in the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Nelson County Board of Education's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in the report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to jessica.rogers1@Nelson.kyschools.us.

**Financial Statements** 

# NELSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Governmental	Business-type	Takal	
ACCETC	Activities	Activities	Total	
ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,682,482	\$ 2,167,588	\$ 20,850,070	
Investments	927,561	2,107,366	927,561	
Receivables	927,301	_	927,301	
Taxes -current	358,708	_	358,708	
Accounts	7,461	935	8,396	
Interfund Receivable	1,047,978	-	1,047,978	
Intergovernmental - state	13,193	146,702	159,895	
Intergovernmental - federal	2,532,121	128,755	2,660,876	
Inventory	2,332,121	66,148	66,148	
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	78,071,821	220,563	78,292,384	
Total assets	\$ 101,641,325	\$ 2,730,691	\$ 104,372,016	
	<del>→ 101,041,323</del>	<del>7</del> 2,730,031	<del>→ 104,572,010</del>	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows - pensions	4,269,616	200,963	4,470,579	
Deferred outflows - OPEB contributions	9,458,244	445,183	9,903,427	
Deferred saving from refunding bonds	689,852		689,852	
Total deferred outflows of resources	14,417,712	646,146	15,063,858	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	116,059,037	3,376,837	119,435,874	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	830,895	135	831,030	
Interfund payables	814,546	233,432	1,047,978	
Accrued interest payable	145,581	233,432	1,047,578	
Unearned revenue	1,716,249	-	1,716,249	
Long term liabilities:	1,710,249	-	1,710,249	
Due within one year				
Bond obligations	3,600,000		3,600,000	
Sick leave	216,896	-	216,896	
Due beyond one year	210,890	_	210,690	
Bond obligations	37,720,000		37,720,000	
Sick leave	230,421		230,421	
Net pension liability	16,659,062	784,114	17,443,176	
Net OPEB liability	15,727,858	740,283	16,468,141	
Total liabilities	77,661,508	1,757,964	79,419,472	
	77,001,300	1,737,304	73,413,472	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions	2,042,164	96,121	2,138,285	
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	7,154,365	336,744	7,491,109	
Total deferred inflows of resources	9,196,529	432,865	9,629,394	
Total Liabilities And Deferred Inflow Of Resources	86,858,037	2,190,829	89,048,866	
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets net of related debt Restricted for:	36,751,821	220,563	36,972,384	
Capital projects	11,643,162	_	11,643,162	
Other	962,479	965,445	1,927,924	
Unrestricted	(20,156,462)	-	(20,156,462)	
Total net position	\$ 29,201,000	\$ 1,186,008	\$ 30,387,008	
Total lict position	<del>γ 23,201,000</del>	7 1,100,000	7 30,307,000	

# NELSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2023

							•		ISE) REVENUI	
			PI	ROGRAM REVENU	FS				Y GOVERNME	
Functions/Programs	Expenses		harges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Cap	ital Grants and atributions	Governmental Activities	Bu	siness-type Activities	Total
Functions/ Frograms	Expenses		Jei vices	CONTINUCTORS		Ittibutions	Activities		Activities	Total
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:										
Governmental activities:										
Instructional	\$ 37,885,502	\$	211,871	\$ 22,191,553	\$	-	\$ (15,482,078)	\$	-	\$ (15,482,078)
Support Services										
Student	2,817,058		-	289,610		-	(2,527,448)		-	(2,527,448)
Instructional Staff	2,995,910		-	470,166		-	(2,525,744)		-	(2,525,744)
District Administration	1,642,391		-	13,764		-	(1,628,627)		-	(1,628,627)
School Administration	5,517,241		-	81,772		-	(5,435,469)		-	(5,435,469)
Business	2,401,161		-	-		-	(2,401,161)		-	(2,401,161)
Plant operations and maintenance	5,103,015		-	200,576		-	(4,902,439)		-	(4,902,439)
Student Transportation	3,014,451		28,583	222,211		-	(2,763,657)		-	(2,763,657)
Day care	556,408		-	556,408		-	-		-	-
Community Services Operations	433,930		-	433,930		-			-	-
Land/site acquisitions	32,643		-	-		-	(32,643)		-	(32,643)
Building acquisition and construction	958,875		-	10,582,063		-	9,623,188		-	9,623,188
Building improvements	859,827		-	412,350		-	(447,477)		-	(447,477)
Debt Service	1,237,160		-	-		832,351	(404,809)		-	(404,809)
Depreciation	7,305,684		<del></del> _			<del></del> _	(7,305,684)			(7,305,684)
Total governmental activities	72,761,256		240,454	35,454,403		832,351	(36,234,048)			(36,234,048)
Business-type activities:										
Food service operations	3,093,181		324,372	3,136,082		-	-		367,273	367,273
Daycare operations	309,033		548,089	70,956		-	-		310,012	310,012
Adult education operations	837,074		-	579,666		-	-		(257,408)	(257,408)
Depreciation	126,813		-	-		-	-		(126,813)	(126,813)
Total business-type activities	4,366,101		872,461	3,786,704		-			293,064	293,064
Total primary government	\$ 77,127,357	\$	1,112,915	\$ 39,241,107	\$	832,351	\$ (36,234,048)	\$	293,064	\$ (35,940,984)
Gene	eral revenues	<u> </u>		Ψ 00)2 (1)207	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	230,001	<u> </u>
	Property taxes						\$ 20,494,522	\$	-	\$ 20,494,522
	Motor vehicle taxes	S					2,292,807		-	2,292,807
	Distilled spirits taxe	S					5,013,477		-	5,013,477
	Utility taxes						2,300,545		-	2,300,545
St	ate formula grants						11,221,284		-	11,221,284
	udent activities						1,518,128		-	1,518,128
Ot	ther local revenue						514,773		-	514,773
Uı	nrestricted investme	nt ea	rnings				783,371		59,368	842,739
Tr	ansfers						141,653		(141,653)	
	Total general reven	ues a	nd transfers				44,280,560		(82,285)	44,198,275
	ge in net position						8,046,512		210,779	8,257,291
	oosition - beginning (	Resta	ited)				21,154,488		975,229	22,129,717
Net p	oosition - ending						\$ 29,201,000	\$	1,186,008	\$ 30,387,008

## **NELSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT**

# Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

				Special	С	onstruction	N	Total on-Major	
	Ge	eneral Fund	Re	venue Fund		Fund		Funds	Total
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,074,165	\$	-	\$	11,643,162	\$	965,155	\$ 18,682,482
Invesments		927,561		-		-		-	927,561
Interfund receivables		1,047,978		-		-		-	1,047,978
Receivables									
Taxes-current		358,708		-		-		-	358,708
Accounts		7,461		-		-		-	7,461
Intergovernmental - state		13,193		-		-		-	13,193
Intergovernmental - federal		-		2,532,121		-		-	2,532,121
Total assets		8,429,066		2,532,121		11,643,162		965,155	23,569,504
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable		826,893		1,326		-		2,676	830,895
Interfund payable		-		814,546		-		-	814,546
Unearned revenue				1,716,249					1,716,249
Total liabilities		826,893		2,532,121		-		2,676	3,361,690
FUND BALANCE									
Restricted		-		-		11,643,162		962,479	12,605,641
Committed		179,102		-		-		-	179,102
Unassigned		7,423,071		-		-		-	7,423,071
Total fund balance		7,602,173		-		11,643,162		962,479	20,207,814
TOTAL LIABLITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	8,429,066	\$	2,532,121	\$	11,643,162	\$	965,155	\$ 23,569,504

## NELSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 20,207,814
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in the fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position	78,071,821
Deferred outflows of resources are not recorded in the governmental fund financials because they do not affect current resources but are recorded in the statement of net position.	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date  OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	4,269,616 9,458,244
Certain assets (obligations) are not a use of financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the government funds, but are presented in the statement of net position	
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	(16,659,062) (15,727,858)
Deferred inflows of resources are not recorded in the governmental fund financials because they do not affect current resources but are recorded in the statement of net position	
Pension plan investment differences  OPEB plan investment differences	(2,042,164) (7,154,365)
Certain liability (such as bond payable, the long-term portion of accrued sick leave, and other accrued liabilities) are not reported in the fund financial statement because they are not due and payable, but are presented in the statement of net position as follows:	
Bonds payable	(41,320,000)
Accrued interest Accrued sick leave	(145,581)
Deferred loss on refunding	(447,317) 689,852
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 29,201,000

# NELSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Revenues	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Construction Fund	Non-Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
From Local Sources					
Taxes	ć 44.702.274	<b>^</b>	<b>A</b>	ć 5.700.454	6 20 40 4 522
Property	\$ 14,792,371	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,702,151	\$ 20,494,522
Motor vehicle	2,292,807	-	-	-	2,292,807
Distilled Spirits	5,013,477	-	-	-	5,013,477
Utilities	2,300,545	-	-	-	2,300,545
Transportation	28,583	-	-	-	28,583
Earnings on investments	602,354	-	181,017	-	783,371
Tuition	211,871	-	-	-	211,871
Student activities	-	-	-	1,518,128	1,518,128
Other local revenue	254,262	173,651	-	86,860	514,773
Intergovernmental - state	26,397,983	2,845,348	10,000,000	1,826,764	41,070,095
Intergovernmental - federal	260,073	6,177,870	-	-	6,437,943
Total revenues	52,154,326	9,196,869	10,181,017	9,133,903	80,666,115
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction	28,940,229	7,057,762	_	1,807,142	37,805,133
Support services	20,3 10,223	7,037,702		1,007,112	37,003,133
Student	2,527,448	289,610	_	_	2,817,058
Instructional staff	2,545,744	450,166	_	_	2,995,910
District Administration	1,628,627	13,764	_	_	1,642,391
School Administration	5,435,469	81,772	_		5,517,241
Business	2,401,161	-	_	_	2,401,161
Plant operation and maintenance	4,902,439	200,576	_		5,103,015
Student Transportation	3,453,494	20,074	_	5,794	3,479,362
•	3,433,434	556,408	-	3,734	556,408
Day care	-		-	-	•
Community Services Operations	-	433,930	-	-	433,930
Land/Site acquisitions	-	-	32,643	-	32,643
Building Acquisition and Construction	-	-	958,875	-	958,875
Building Improvements	-	-	859,827	-	859,827
Debt service				4 600 000	4 600 000
Principal	-	-	-	4,620,000	4,620,000
Interest				1,237,160	1,237,160
Total expenditures	51,834,611	9,104,062	1,851,345	7,670,096	70,460,114
<b>EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER</b>					
EXPENDITURES	319,715	92,807	8,329,672	1,463,807	10,206,001
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Operating transfers in	3,365,351	86,594	1,068,624	5,236,113	9,756,682
Operating transfers (out)	(560,760)	(179,401)	(2,070,000)	(6,804,868)	(9,615,029)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	2,804,591	(92,807)	(1,001,376)	(1,568,755)	141,653
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	2 124 206		7 220 206	(104.049)	10,347,654
	3,124,306	-	7,328,296	(104,948)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING (restated)	4,477,867		4,314,866	1,067,427	9,860,160
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 7,602,173	\$ -	\$ 11,643,162	\$ 962,479	\$ 20,207,814

#### **NELSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT**

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	\$ 10,347,654
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense for the year.	
Capital outlays Depreciation Expense	464,911 (7,305,684)
Generally expenditures recognized in the fund financial statements are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expense are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred for the following:	
Accrued interest Amortization of advance refunding and bond premium/discount	19,136 (186,105)
Governmental funds report CERS contributions as expenditures when paid.  However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the cost of benefits earned, adjusted for member contributions, the recognition of changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension, and investment experience.	
Pension Expense OPEB Expense	374,011 (390,910)
Long-term debt proceeds are reported as other financing resources in funds, thereby increasing fund balances. In the statement of net position, however, issuing long-term debt increases liabilities and has no effect on net position. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position.	
Debt principal repaid Sick leave	 4,620,000 103,499

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

\$ 8,046,512

Change in net position of governmental

# NELSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted	Amounts		Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
From Local Sources				
Taxes				
Property	\$ 15,025,000	\$ 15,025,000	\$ 14,792,371	\$ (232,629)
Motor vehicle	2,050,000	2,050,000	2,292,807	242,807
Distilled spirits	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,013,477	13,477
Utilities	2,100,000	2,100,000	2,300,545	200,545
Transportation	25,000	25,000	28,583	3,583
Earnings on investments	24,918	24,918	602,354	577,436
Tuition	200,000	200,000	211,871	11,871
Other local revenue	255,000	255,000	254,262	(738)
Intergovernmental - state	24,430,790	24,430,790	26,397,983	1,967,193
Intergovernmental - federal	175,000	175,000	260,073	85,073
Total Revenues	49,285,708	49,285,708	52,154,326	2,868,618
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	28,788,845	28,685,845	28,940,229	(254,384)
Support Services				
Student	2,705,875	2,705,875	2,527,448	178,427
Instructional Staff	2,905,235	2,905,235	2,545,744	359,491
District Administration	1,885,000	1,885,000	1,628,627	256,373
School Administration	5,296,840	5,296,840	5,435,469	(138,629)
Business	2,372,260	2,372,260	2,401,161	(28,901)
Plant Operation and Maintenance	5,755,000	5,755,000	4,902,439	852,561
Student Transportation	3,745,000	3,745,000	3,453,494	291,506
Contingency	1,849,764	1,849,764	-	1,849,764
Total expenditures	55,303,819	55,200,819	51,834,611	3,366,208
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) IN REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES	(6,018,111)	(5,915,111)	319,715	6,234,826
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers in	1,986,833	1,986,833	3,365,351	1,378,518
Operating transfers out	(86,594)	(189,594)	(560,760)	(371,166)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	1,900,239	1,797,239	2,804,591	1,007,352
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(4,117,872)	(4,117,872)	3,124,306	7,242,178
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING (restated)	4,117,872	4,117,872	4,477,867	359,995
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,602,173	\$ 7,602,173

# NELSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Budget and Actual Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
From Local Sources				
Other local revenue	\$ 137,000	\$ 159,748	\$ 173,651	\$ 13,903
Intergovernmental - state	2,401,154	2,984,433	2,845,348	(139,085)
Intergovernmental - federal	2,448,957	7,932,031	6,177,870	(1,754,161)
Total Revenues	4,987,111	11,076,212	9,196,869	(1,879,343)
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	4,148,131	9,265,454	7,057,762	2,207,692
Support Services				
Student	7,306	522,762	289,610	233,152
Instructional Staff	291,602	885,383	450,166	435,217
District Administration	-	(91,967)	13,764	(105,731)
School Administration	72,121	64,796	81,772	(16,976)
Plant Operation and Maintenance	74,273	74,224	200,576	(126,352)
Student Transportation	-	-	20,074	(20,074)
Day Care	-	-	556,408	(556,408)
Community Services Operations	422,130	408,100	433,930	(25,830)
Total expenditures	5,015,563	11,128,752	9,104,062	2,024,690
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) IN REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES	(28,452)	(52,540)	92,807	145,347
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers in	86,594	86,594	86,594	-
Operating transfers out	(58,142)	235,801	(179,401)	(415,202)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	28,452	322,395	(92,807)	(415,202)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	269,855	-	(269,855)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING				
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ -	\$ 269,855	\$ -	\$ (269,855)

# NELSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

		Enterpri	se Funds	
			Adult	
	School Food	Day Care	Education	
	Services	Services	Services	Total
ASSETS				
Current Assets	A 4 707 500	4 252 222		A 0.467.F00
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,797,589	\$ 369,999	\$ -	\$ 2,167,588
Receivables	42,025	935	233,432	276,392
Inventories for consumption  Total current assets	66,148	270.024	222 422	66,148
Total current assets	1,905,762	370,934	233,432	2,510,128
Noncurrent Assets				
General equipment	1,826,372	79	-	1,826,451
Accumulated depreciation	(1,605,809)	(79)		(1,605,888)
Total noncurrent assets	220,563			220,563
Total Assets	2,126,325	370,934	233,432	2,730,691
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows related to pensions	140,354	21,155	39,454	200,963
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	310,918	46,864	87,401	445,183
Total deferred outflows of resources	451,272	68,019	126,855	646,146
LIADULTIC		,	,	<u> </u>
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	135			135
Interfund Payable	-	_	233,432	233,432
Total current liabilities	135		233,432	233,567
	100		233) 132	233,307
Noncurrent liabilities				
Net pension liability	547,628	82,543	153,943	784,114
Net OPEB liability	517,017	77,929	145,337	740,283
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,064,645	160,472	299,280	1,524,397
Total liabilities	1,064,780	160,472	532,712	1,757,964
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows related to pensions	67,131	10,119	18,871	96,121
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	235,183	35,449	66,112	336,744
Total deferred inflows of resources	302,314	45,568	84,983	432,865
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in capital assets	220,563	-	-	220,563
Restricted	989,940	232,913	(257,408)	965,445
Total net position	\$ 1,210,503	\$ 232,913	\$ (257,408)	\$ 1,186,008

# NELSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Funds							
	·			Adult				
	School Food		Day Care		Education			
		Services	Services		Services		Total	
OPERATING REVENUES					•			
Lunchroom sales	\$	324,372	\$	_	\$	-	\$	324,372
Tuition	·	-	·	548,089	•	_		548,089
Total operating revenues		324,372		548,089		-		872,461
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Salaries & benefits		1,468,319		220,423		296,488		1,985,230
Purchased professional services		1,773		16,316		-		18,089
Purchased property services		27,921		1,397		4,567		33,885
Other purchased services		7,007		595		9,184		16,786
Supplies		1,492,000		38,680		100,597		1,631,277
Dues, Fees, and miscellaneous		5,732		60,552		-		66,284
Depreciation		126,813		-		-		126,813
Total operating expenses		3,129,565		337,963		410,836		3,878,364
Operating income (loss)	(	2,805,193)		210,126		(410,836)		(3,005,903)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Federal grants		2,729,434		-		157,386		2,886,820
Federal donated commodities		181,663		-		_		181,663
State grants		27,616		41,191		253,450		322,257
State on-behalf payments		197,369		29,765		168,830		395,964
State on-behalf payments		(197,369)		(29,765)		(168,830)		(395,964)
Pension expense		149,503		61,940		(245,443)		(34,000)
OPEB expense		(42,563)		(3,245)		(11,965)		(57,773)
Earnings from investments		59,368						59,368
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		3,105,021		99,886		153,428		3,358,335
Income (loss) before operating transfers		299,828		310,012		(257,408)		352,432
Operating transfer out		(141,653)		-				(141,653)
Change in net position		158,175		310,012		(257,408)		210,779
NET POSITION - BEGINNING (Restated)		1,052,328		(77,099)		-		975,229
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	1,210,503	\$	232,913	\$	(257,408)	\$	1,186,008

# NELSON COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Funds					
	Adult					
	School Food	Daycare	Education			
	Services	Services	Services	Total		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from customers	\$ 324,372	\$ 548,089	\$ -	\$ 872,461		
Payments to suppliers	(1,199,885)	(118,475)	(540,586)	(1,858,946)		
Payments to employees	(1,558,748)	(191,493)	(296,488)	(2,046,729)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(2,434,261)	238,121	(837,074)	(3,033,214)		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES						
Operating grants and contributions	2,797,657	12,261	579,666	3,389,584		
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	2,797,657	12,261	579,666	3,389,584		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
Purchase of capital assets	(59,619)			(59,619)		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	-			
Operating transfer to general fund	(141,653)			(141,653)		
Net cash provided (used) by capital financing activities	(201,272)			(201,272)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest	59,368			59,368		
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	59,368			59,368		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	221,492	250,382	(257,408)	214,466		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING	1,576,097	119,617	-	1,695,714		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	\$ 1,797,589	\$ 369,999	\$ (257,408)	\$ 1,910,180		
Decoration of acception in accept (local to contact)						
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash						
provided (used) by operating activities:	\$ (2,805,193)	¢ 210.126	¢ (410.936)	¢ (2.00E.002)		
Operating income (loss)	\$ (2,805,193)	\$ 210,126	\$ (410,836)	\$ (3,005,903)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation	126,813		_	126,813		
Changes in assets and liabilities:	120,813	_	_	120,813		
Receivables	169,827	(935)	(233,432)	(64,540)		
Inventory	(16,325)	-	(233) 132)	(16,325)		
Accounts Payable	(617)	_	233,432	232,815		
Pension expense	149,503	61,940	(245,443)	(34,000)		
OPEB expense	(42,563)	(3,245)	(11,965)	(57,773)		
Federal donated commodities	181,663	-	-	181,663		
On-behalf payments	(197,369)	(29,765)	(168,830)	(395,964)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (2,434,261)	\$ 238,121	\$ (837,074)	\$ (3,033,214)		
Schedule of non-cash transactions						
Federal donated commodities	\$ 181,663	_	_	\$ 181,663		
State on-behalf payments	\$ 197,369	\$ 29,765	\$ 168,830	\$ 395,964		
State on bendin payments	7 137,303	7 25,705	7 100,030	7 333,304		

#### Note I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements presented for the Nelson County Board of Education are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to governmental units, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The District's significant accounting and reporting policies are described below.

#### The Financial Reporting Entity

The Nelson County Board of Education, a five-member group, is the level of government, which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Nelson County Board of Education ("District"). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which my influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the primary government and its component unit, an entity for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. This component unit is reported on a blended basis. A blended component unit, although a legally separate entity, is, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from this unit is combined with data of the primary government. Separate financial statements are not issued for this component unit.

The District's reporting entity includes the following blended component unit:

The Nelson County Board of Education Finance Corporation was formed in accordance with the provisions of KRS Sections 162.120 through 162.300 and Section 162.385, and KRS Chapter 273 and KRS 58.180, as a non-profit, non-stock corporation for the purpose of financing necessary school building facilities on behalf of the Board of Education of the Nelson County School District. Under the provisions of existing Kentucky laws, the Corporation is permitted to act as an agency and instrumentality of the District for financing purposes. The Board serves as the Governing Board of the Corporation and all accounting and administrative functions are performed by the District, which records all activity of the Corporation as a blended component unit.

#### **Basis of presentation and accounting**

#### **Government-wide**

The Districts government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements report information about the reporting entity as a whole. Fiduciary activities of the District are not included in these statements. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through property taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services rendered.

#### Note I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for the business-type activities and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Program revenues includes (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including property taxes and general state aid, are presented as general revenues.

These statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all the District's assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period earned while expenses are recognized in the period the liability incurred.

Certain eliminations have been made a prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regard to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total column. In the Statement of Activities, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements of the District are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to specific district functions or activities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Major individual governmental funds and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### **Governmental Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balances and changes in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position and changes in net position presented in the government-wide financial statements.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are included in the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increase (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

Accordingly, revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (generally collected 60 days after year-end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the District are taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured.

#### Note I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Major Governmental Funds:**

<u>General Fund</u> – accounts for the general operating costs for the District and provides supports services to other funds. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> - accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust funds or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report.

<u>Construction Fund</u> -The Construction Fund accounts for and reports proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction.

#### **Non-Major Governmental Funds**

<u>District Activity Fund</u> – The District Activity Fund is a special revenue fund type and is used to account for funds collected at individual schools for operation costs of the schools or school district that allows for more flexibility in the expenditures of those funds.

<u>Student Activity Fund</u> –The Student Activity Fund is a special revenue fund type and is used to account for funds student activity that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes imposed by external parties, enabling legislation, or by board action.

<u>Capital Outlay Fund</u> – The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Fund receives those funds designated by the state as capital outlay funds and is generally restricted for use in financing projects identified in the district's facility plan (including payment of bonded lease obligations).

<u>Facility Support Program (FSKP) fund</u> - The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for and reports funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the district's facility plan.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related costs; and for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law.

#### **Proprietary Fund Financial Statements**

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expense and Changes in Pet position, and a Statement of Cash Flows. The District does not have an internal service fund.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent) are included in the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period earned while expenses are recognized in the period the lability is incurred.

#### Note I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Proprietary Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

#### **Enterprise Funds**

<u>School Food Services Fund</u> – is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA.

<u>Day Care Services Fund</u> – is used to account for and report the activities of the day care programs where a fee is charged for participating.

<u>Adult Education Services Fund</u> – is used to account for and report the activities of the adult education programs where a fee is charged for participating.

#### **Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements**

Fiduciary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Net Position. Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations or other governments. The Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a spending or "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are purely custodial and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

The District applies all Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements to proprietary funds as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements

#### Measurement focus and basis of accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicate the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

Government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statement are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days). Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt which is recognized when due, other post-employment benefits, claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized when expended. Revenues susceptible to accrual are interest, state and local shared revenue and federal and state grants. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

#### Note I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Budgetary information**

The District's budgetary process accounts for transactions on a modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. State law requires the district to formally and publicly examine anticipated receipts and expenditures for the next fiscal year by January 31 (draft budget), adopt a tentative working budget on or before May 30 for the next fiscal year and a final working budget must be submitted to the Kentucky Department of Education (KDE) by September 30 for the current year with a recommended reserve of at least two percent of total budgeted expenditures in the general and school food service funds. The Special Revenue Fund and the Construction fund are multi-year funds. A fund is multi-year when budgeted amounts in that fund may be received and expended over a period extending beyond one fiscal year. A budget projection is created one time for a project (grant or a construction project) which is in the year of its inception. After a budget completion is processed on a project, that budget remains with the project over the lifetime of the project.

Expenditure budgets are appropriated at the major function level for each fund. Appropriations may not legally be over-expended, except in the case of grant receipts which could not be reasonably estimated at the time the budget was adopted.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less from the date of the acquisition. For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District defines cash and cash equivalents as amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

#### **Deposits with Financial Institutions and Investments**

The District's policy on investments primarily follow state statutes and regulations which authorize the District to invest in obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance.

#### **Prepaid items**

Prepaid items are charged to expenditure/expense at the time the items are used (consumption method).

#### **Inventory**

Inventory consists of food purchased by the District and commodities granted by the United State Department of Agriculture (USDA). The commodities are recognized as revenues and expenditures by the Food Service Fund when consumed. Any material commodities on hand at year end are recorded as inventory. All purchased inventory items are valued at the lower of cost or market (first-in, first-out) using the consumption method and commodities assigned values are based on information provided by the USDA.

## Note I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position/fund balance

#### **Capital assets**

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities' column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are expensed.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

**Building and improvements** 25-50 years Land improvements 20 years Technology equipment 5 years Vehicles 5-10 years Audio-visual equipment 15 years Food service equipment 10-12 years Furniture and fixtures 7 years Rolling stock 15 years Other 10 years

#### Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **Deferred outflows/inflows of resources**

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separated financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. The District reports three types of deferred outflows-contributions to the CERS pension system after the measurement period, contributions to the TRS medical insurance fund after the measurement period and the unrecognized portion of a deferred loss on the refinancing of long-term debt.

#### Note I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Deferred outflows/inflows of resources (Continued)**

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until the appropriate period. The District reports two types of deferred inflows – those related to the net difference projected and actual earning on pension plan investments, and those related to the net difference projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments.

#### Pension obligations

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Kentucky Public Pension Authority (KPPA) – County Employees Retirement-Non-hazardous (CERS) and Teacher's Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the CERS and TRS and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position on the same basis as they are reported by these multiple-employer cost-sharing OPEB systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized by the pension systems when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value by the pension systems. Both systems publish separate financial statements as described in Note for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

#### Net position flow assumptions

Net position is classified into the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of all capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position – consists of net position with constraints placed on use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – consists of all other net position that is not included in the other categories previously mentioned.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use in a specific program or for specific purpose, the District's normal policy is to use restricted resources first to finance its activities.

#### Note I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Fund balance flow assumptions**

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in multiple classifications, the District uses the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

#### **Fund balance policies**

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on purpose for which resources can be used:

Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Management has classified prepaid items as being non-spendable as they are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of resources which are either.

- 1. Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or
- 2. Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed: This classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (resolution) of the District's Board of Directors, which is the District's highest level of decision-making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed.

Assigned: This classification includes spendable amounts for a specific purpose. The intent of an assigned fund balance is expressed by either the District's Board, or a subordinate high-level body, such as a finance committee, or an official, such as the superintendent, that has the authority to assign amounts to be used for assigned purposes.

Unassigned: This classification is the residual fund balance for the General Fund. It represents fund balance that has not been assigned, committed, or restricted.

#### Revenue and expenditures/expenses

Program revenues – amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers who purchase or use goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not property included amount program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Property taxes – Property taxes are levied each August on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. Liens are effective when the tax bills become delinquent. The collection period for these assessments was October 15, 2022 through April 17, 2023.

#### Note I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Revenue and expenditures/expenses (Continued)

Grants – unreimbursed expenditures due from grantor agencies are reflected in the government-wide financial statements as receivables and revenues. Grant revenues are recorded at the time eligible expenditures are incurred. Cash received from grantor agencies in excess of related grant expenditures is recorded as unavailable revenue on the Balance Sheet and unearned revenue on the Statement of Net Position.

Compensated absences – upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. Sick leave benefits accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. On June 30, 2023, this amount totaled \$447,317.

#### **Implementation of New Accounting Principle**

The district adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA). The statement defines SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription assets-an intangible asset-and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA.

#### Note II - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABLITLY

#### Violations of legal or contractual provisions

This District had no violations of legal or contractual provision in the fiscal year.

#### Cash deposits and cash equivalents

The Kentucky Revised Statues authorize the District to investment money subject to its control in obligations of the United States; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount insured; and national or state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States providing such banks pledge as security obligations, as permitted by KRS 41.240(4), having a current quoted market value at least equal to uninsured deposits.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

At year-end, the District's bank balances were collateralized by securities held by the pledging bank's trust department in the District's name and FDIC insurance. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's cash and cash equivalents was \$21,777,631. The bank balance for the same time was \$26,153,308.

# Note I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Receivables**

Amounts are aggregated into a single account receivable line in the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet. Below is the detail of receivable for the governmental funds:

Receivables	Ge	neral Fund	Re	Special venue Fund	School od Service Fund	Se	y Care ervices Fund	Ed	Adult lucation ervices Fund	Total
Taxes	\$	358,708	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 358,708
Accounts		7,461		-	-		935		-	8,396
Intergovernmental - state		13,193		-	-		-		146,702	159,895
Intergovernmental-federal		-		2,532,121	42,025		-		86,730	2,660,876
Total Receivables	\$	379,362	\$	2,532,121	\$ 42,025	\$	935	\$	233,432	3,187,875

#### Note III – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

#### **Capital assets**

The changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Balance			Balance	
	July 1, 2022	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2023	
<b>Governmental activities:</b>					
Non-depreciable capital assets					
Land	\$ 4,925,961	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,925,961	
Total - Non-depreciable capital assets	4,925,961			4,925,961	
Depreciable capital assets					
Land improvements	155,475	-	-	155,475	
<b>Buildings and Building Improvements</b>	130,947,402	-	-	130,947,402	
Technology equipment	1,579,779	-	-	1,579,779	
Vehicles	6,289,247	464,911	-	6,754,158	
General equipment	2,112,105			2,112,105	
Total - Depreciable capital assets	141,084,008	464,911	-	141,548,919	
Less: Accumulated depreciation				-	
Land improvements	45,461	14,725	-	60,186	
Buildings and building Improvements	53,774,377	6,380,525	-	60,154,902	
Technology equipment	1,134,448	162,313	-	1,296,761	
Vehicles	4,638,246	602,248	-	5,240,494	
General equipment	1,504,843	145,873		1,650,716	
	61,097,375	7,305,684	-	68,403,059	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets - net	\$ 84,912,594	\$ (6,840,773)	\$ -	\$ 78,071,821	
Business-Type Activities					
General equipment	\$ 1,723,547	\$ 59,619	\$ -	\$ 1,783,166	
Technology Equipment	43,285	-	-	43,285	
Total - Non-depreciable capital assets	1,766,832	59,619	_	1,826,451	
Less: Accumulated depreciation					
General equipment	1,445,142	122,345	-	1,567,487	
Technology Equipment	33,933	4,468	-	38,401	
Total - Depreciable capital assets	1,479,075	126,813		1,605,888	
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets -net	\$ 287,757	\$ (67,194)	\$ -	\$ 220,563	

<sup>\*</sup>Depreciation expense was not allocated to governmental functions. It appears on the statement of activities as "unallocated".

#### Note III – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (Continued)

#### **Pension obligations**

The District participates in both the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) and the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA) - County Employees Retirement System (CERS) for non-hazardous duties based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

#### <u>Teacher's Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)</u>

#### Plan Description

TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth of Kentucky. KRS 161.250 provides that the general administration and management of TRS, and the responsibility for its proper operation, is vested in a board of trustees. TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree as well as any person providing part-time or substitute teaching services that are the same or similar to those teaching services provided by full-time, certified teachers. Copies of the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and Actuarial Valuations may be obtained at: https://trs.ky.gov/administration/financial-reports-information/.

#### **Pension Benefits**

For members who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either 1) attain age fifty-five (55), or 2) complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Participants that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university members with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New members (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is than ten years. New members after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service including the first ten years.

Employees who retire July 1, 2004 or later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5 % to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008 the system has been amended to change the benefit structure for members hired on or after that date. For members who enter TRS on or after January 1, 2022 TRS created a hybrid retirement plan with a foundational benefit which pays a lifetime retirement annuity.

#### Note III – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (Continued)

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. TRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. When calculating the final average salary for employees entering the service on or after January 1, 2022 increases in compensation in the last five years prior to retirement are limited to the highest percentage increase generally available to the district's employees.

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits.

For members hired on or after January 1, 2022, new members must be age 57 and have 10 years of service or age 65 and 5 years of service. The annual foundational benefit for members is equal to service times a multiplier times final average salary. The multiplier for non-university members who are age 65 and over with 5-9.99 years of service is 1.90%. The multiplier for non-university members with 10-19.99 years of service who are age 57-60 is 1.70%, age 61 - 1.74%, age 62 - 1.78%, age 63 - 1.82%, age 64 - 1.86% and age 65 and over 1.90%. The multiplier for non-university members with 20-29.99 years of service who are age 57-60 is 1.95%, age 61 - 1.99%, age 62 - 2.03%, age 63 - 2.07%, age 64 - 2.11% and age 65 and over 2.15%. The multiplier for non-university members with 30 or more years of service who are age 57-60 is 2.20%, age 61 - 2.24%, age 62 - 2.28%, age 63 - 2.32%, age 64 - 2.36% and age 65 and over 2.40%. The annual foundational benefit is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 30 years of service. The annual supplemental benefit is equal to the account balance which includes member and employer contributions and interest credited annually on June 30. Options include annuitizing the balance or receiving the balance as a lump sum either at the time of retirement or at a later date.

#### Contributions

Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes ("KRS"). Non-university employees are required to contribute 9.105% of their salaries to the System. The Commonwealth, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 16.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 16.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. The required matching contribution for those employees classified as critical shortage is 24.8%. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

#### Note III – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (Continued)

Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA) - County Employees Retirement System (CERS)

#### Plan Description

Under the provisions of KRS 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA) administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. CERS was created by the Kentucky General Assembly pursuant to the provision of KRS 78.520. CERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky General Assembly. KRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. CERS covers employees whose positions do not require a degree, substantially all full-time classified employees and these positions are considered non-hazardous. Copies of the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and Actuarial Valuations may be obtained at <a href="https://kyret.ky.gov/Employers/GASB/Pages/default.aspx">https://kyret.ky.gov/Employers/GASB/Pages/default.aspx</a>.

#### **Pension Benefits**

CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to CERS plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date	Before September 1, 2008
	Unreduced retirement	27 years' service or 65 years old
	Reduced retirement	At least 5 years' service and 55 years old
		At least 25 years' service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date	September 1, 2008 – December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years' service and 65 years old
		Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years' service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date	After December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years' service and 65 years old
		Or age 57+ and sum of service years' equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Not available

#### Contributions

CERS pension benefits are grouped into three tiers, based on the hire date:

Tier 1 plan members who began participating prior to September 1, 2008, are required to contribute 5% (non-hazardous) or 8% (hazardous) of their annual creditable compensation. These members are classified in the Tier 1 structure of benefits. Interest is paid each June 30 on members' accounts at a rate of 2.5%. If a member terminates employment and applies to take a refund, the member is entitled to a full refund of contributions and interest.

### Note III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (Continued)

## Contributions (Continued)

Tier 2 plan members, who began participating on, or after, September 1, 2008 and before January 1, 2014, are required to contribute 6% (non-hazardous) or 9% (hazardous) of their annual credit compensation, while 1% of these contributions are deposited to an account created for the payment of health insurance benefits under 26 USC Section 401(k) in the Pension Fund (See Kentucky Administrative Regulation 105 KAR 1:420 Employer's administrative duties). These members are classified in the Tier 2 structure of benefits. Interest is paid each June 30<sup>th</sup> on members' accounts as a rate of 2.5%. If a member terminates employment and applies to take a refund, the member is entitled to a full refund of contributions and interest; however, the 1% contribution to the 401(h) account is non-refundable and is forfeited.

Tier 3 plan members, who began participating on, or after, January 1, 2014, are required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own account. Members contribute 5% (non-hazardous) or 8% (hazardous) of their annual creditable compensation, and an additional 1% to the health insurance fund (401(h) account) which is not credited to the member's account and is not refundable. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the KPPA board based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of the member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. A member's account is credited with a 4% (non-hazardous) or 7.5% (hazardous) employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution. CERS contribution rates for non-hazardous employees for pension 23.40%, insurance 3.39% for a combined total of 26.79%.

Funding for CERS is provided by members, who contribute 5.00% (6.00% for employees hired after September 1, 2008) of their salary through payroll deductions, and by employers of members. For the year ending June 30, 2023, employers were required to contribute 26.79% of the member's salary. During the year ending June 30, 2023, the District contributed \$1,780,045 to the CERS pension plan. The contribution requirements of CERS are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees.

### Other Retirement Plans

The District also offers employees the option to participate in defined contribution plans under Sections 403(B) and 401(K) of the Internal Revenue Code. All regular full-time and part-time employees are eligible to participate and may contribute up the maximum allowable by laws. These plans are administered by an independent third-party administrator. The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until their termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, allows entities with little or no administrative involvement and who do not perform the investing function for these plans to omit plan assets and related liabilities from their financial statement statements. The District, therefore, does not report these assets and liabilities on its financial statements. Employee contributions made to the plan during the year total \$113,196. The District does not contribute to these plans.

### Note III – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (Continued)

Pension liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

On June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net CERS pension liability	\$ 17,443,176
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net TRS pension	
liability associated with the District	112,210,392
	\$ 129,653,568

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's portion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. On June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was .241294%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized CERS pension expense of \$1,780,045 which is a \$1,481,461 increase in governmental funds and \$298,584 increase in proprietary funds and \$722,995 related to TRS as being paid. The adjusted pension expense recognized on the statement of activities, based on actuarial valuation for the year ended June 30, 2022, was \$340,011 (an increase of \$374,011 in governmental funds and a decrease of \$34,000 in the business type activity funds). The District also recognized revenue of \$10,238,211 for TRS support provided by the Commonwealth.

On June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows			
	of	Resources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	18,649	\$	155,339
Changes of assumptions		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		2,373,494		1,926,314
Changes in proportion and difference between District				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		298,392		56,632
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,780,045		
	\$	4,470,580	\$	2,138,285

### Note III – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (Continued)

Pension liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date is \$1,780,045 and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2023	\$ 210,022
2024	(6,712)
2025	(146,582)
2026	495,522
2027	-
Thereafter	-

### Actuarial assumptions

The actuarially determined contributions effective for fiscal year ending 2022 were calculated as of June 30, 2020. Based on the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation report, the actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	CERS	KTRS
Inflation Projected Salary Increases	2.30% 3.30% to 10.30%	2.50% 3.00% to 7.50%
,	(varies by service)	
Investment rate of return, net of		
investment expense and inflation	6.25%	7.10%

For TRS, Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale BB to 2025 with a setback of 2 years for males and 1 year for females.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future renewal rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

### Note III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (Continued)

## Actuarial assumptions (Continued)

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Tawaat	Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	37.4%	4.2%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.6%	4.7%
Developed International Equity	16.5%	5.3%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.5%	5.4%
Fixed Income	15.0%	-0.1%
High Yield Bonds	2.0%	1.7%
Other Additional Categories	5.0%	2.2%
Real Estate	7.0%	4.0%
Private Equity	7.0%	6.9%
Cash	2.0%	-0.3%
Total	100.0%	_

For CERS, the mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back one year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back four years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2010 through 2015, is outlined in a report dated August 30, 2014. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

### Note III – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (Continued)

### Actuarial assumptions (Continued)

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equity	60.00%	
Public Equity	50.0%	4.45%
Private Equity	10.0%	10.15%
Fixed Income	20.00%	
Core Bonds	10.0%	0.28%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	10.0%	2.28%
Cash	0.0%	-0.91%
Inflation Protected	20.00%	
Real Estate	7.0%	3.67%
Real Return	13.0%	4.07%
Expected Real Return	100.00%	4.28%
Long-Term Inflation Assumption		2.30%
Expected Nominal Return for Portfolio		6.58%

### **Discount Rate**

For TRS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan employees until the 2038 plan year. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments through 2035 and a municipal bond index rate of 3.50% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments after 2035. The Single Equivalent Interest Rate ("SEIR") that discounts the entire projected benefit stream to the same amount as the sum of the present values of the two separate benefit payments streams was used to determine the total pension liability.

For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan employees and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.25%. The long-term investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding actual employer contributions made each future year. The future contributions are projected assuming that each participating employer in the System contributes the actuarially determined employer contribution rate each future year calculated in accordance with the current funding policy. The assumed future employer contributions reflect the provisions of House Bill 362 (passed during the 2018 Legislative session) which limit the increases to the employer contribution rates to 12% over the prior fiscal year through June 30, 2028.

### Note III – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (Continued)

## Discount Rate (Continued)

Sensitivity of CERS and TRS proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate-- The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

			Cu	rrent		
	1% D	ecrease	Disco	unt Rate	1	% Increase
TRS	6.	10%	7.	10%		8.10%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
CERS	5.	25%	6.	25%		7.25%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 21,	801,806	\$ 17,	443,176	\$	13,838,227

## Other postemployment benefit (OPEB) obligations

The District's employees are provided with two OPEB plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. TRS covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree. The CERS covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. Retired district employees receive some health care benefit depending on their length of service. In accordance with Kentucky Revised Statues, these benefits are provided and advance funded on an actuarially determined basis through the TRS and CERS plans. The TRS publicly available financial report may be obtained from <a href="https://trs.ky.gov/administration/financial-reports-information/">https://trs.ky.gov/administration/financial-reports-information/</a>. CERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://kyret.ky.gov/Employers/GASB/Pages/default.aspx">https://kyret.ky.gov/Employers/GASB/Pages/default.aspx</a>.

### TRS - OPEB

The Commonwealth of Kentucky (State) reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expenses as a result of the statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance (Health Trust) and Life Insurance Plans (Life Trust). The following information is about the TRS plans:

### TRS Medical Insurance Fund (Health Trust)

Plan description - In addition to the retirement annuity plan described previously, KRS 161.675 requires TRS to provide access to post-employment healthcare benefits for eligible employees and dependents. The TRS medical plan (Health Trust) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The Health Trust is funded by employer and member contributions. Changes to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance (KDEI), and the General Assembly.

The TRS medical plan is funded by employee contributions to an account established pursuant to 26 U.S.C. sec. 401(h). Additional funding is derived from the Kentucky Teacher's' Retirement System insurance trust fund that went into effect on July 1, 2010. The insurance trust fund provides a trust separate from the account established pursuant to 26 U.S.C. sec. 401(h). The insurance trust fund includes employer and retired member contribution required under KRS 161.550 and KRS 161.675(4)(b)

### Note III – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (Continued)

### TRS Medical Insurance Fund (Health Trust) (Continued)

Benefits Provided - To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions - In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, 7.50% of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. 3.75% is paid by member contributions and .75% from State appropriation and 3.00% from the employer. The State contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010, who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

The CERS Non-hazardous Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB") plan for members that cover all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of any State department, board, agency, county, city, school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate. The plan provides for health insurance benefits to plan members. OPEB may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances.

### TRS Postemployment Life Insurance Benefits (Life Trust)

Plan description - As provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655, TRS administers the Life Insurance Plan for eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance Plan is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes to the Plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits Provided - The TRS Life Insurance Plan provides a life insurance benefit of \$5,000 payable for members who retire based on service or disability. Active members may receive a \$2,000 lump sum payable. The benefit is payable to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions - In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross payroll of members is contributed by the state.

### **CERS - OPEB**

Plan description - CERS health insurance benefits are subject to various participation dates to determine eligibility and health insurance contribution rates. For employees who initiated participation in the CERS system prior to July 1, 2003. KPPA pays a percentage of the monthly contribution rate for insurance covered based on the retired member's years of service and type of service. Non-hazardous members receive a contribution subsidy for both the member and dependent coverage.

Benefits provided - Percentage of premium subsidies for CERS ranges from 0% for less than 4 years of service to 100% for 20 years or more service. For members who initiated participation in CERS system after July 1, 2003 until August 31, 2008, members must have 120 months of service in a state-administered retirement system to qualify for participation in the KPPA health plans.

### Note III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (Continued)

#### **CERS – OPEB (Continued)**

Members who began participating with KPPA on or after September 1, 2008 must have 180 months of service upon retirement to participate in the KPPA health plans. Non-hazardous retiree receives \$10 toward the monthly premium for each full year of service.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

### Contribution

CERS allocates a portion of the employer contributions to the health insurance benefit plan. For the 2022 measurement period, CERS allocated 3.39% of the 26.79% actuarially required contribution rate paid by employers for funding the healthcare benefit. In addition, 1% of the tier 2 and 3 employee contributions of 6% are allocated to the health insurance plan.

On June 30, 2022, the amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net TRS OPEB MIF liability	\$ 11,707,000
District's proportionate share of the net CERS OPEB MIF liability	4,761,141
Total district proportionate share	\$ 16,468,141
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net TRS OPEB - MIF	
liability associated with the District	 3,846,000
Total OPEB MIF liability associated with the District	\$ 20,314,141

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized CERS OPEB expense of \$722,995 which is a \$246,286 increase in governmental funds, \$11,592 increase in proprietary funds, and \$722,995 related to TRS as being paid. The net OPEB liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. For the year ended June 30, 2023, based on actuarial valuation, the district recognized on the statement of activities adjusted total net OPEB expense of \$(448,683), (decrease of \$390,910 in governmental funds and an decrease of \$57,773 in the business type activity funds).

On June 30, ,2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the followings sources:

		Deferred		Deferred
	0	utflows of	I	nflows of
	F	Resources	F	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	479,249	\$	6,012,840
Changes of assumptions		3,130,008		620,474
Net difference between project and actual earnings on OPEB plan				
investments		1,508,573		693,331
Changes in proportion and difference between District contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		3,804,724		164,464
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		980,873		
Total	\$	9,903,427	\$	7,491,109

### Note III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (Continued)

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$980,873 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the Year Ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	TRS		CERS
2023	\$	(49,000)	\$ (29,502)
2024		(7,000)	(41,450)
2025		60,000	(267,927)
2026		826,000	13,324
2027		663,000	-
Thereafter		264,000	-

Actuarial assumptions for TRS are as follows:

Inflation2.50%Real wage growth0.25%Wage inflation2.75%

Salary increases, including

wage inflation 3.00%-7.50%

Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including

inflation

Health Trust 7.10% Life Trust 7.10%

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, Net of OPEB plan investment Expense, including price

Inflation

Heath Trust 7.10% Life Trust 7.10%

**Health Trust Cost Trends** 

Under Age 65 7.00% for FYE 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FYE 2032 Ages 65 and Older 5.125% for FYE 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FYE 2025

Medicare Part B

Premiums 6.97% for FYE 2022 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2034

Actuarial assumptions for CERS are as follows:

Inflation 2.30% Payroll growth 2.00%

Salary increases, including 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Investment Return 6.25%

### Note III – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (Continued)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement. For CERS, mortality rates were based on system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018 projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the System, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined based on the allocation of assets by asset class and by the mean and variance of real returns. The municipal bond rate is the monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate (formerly published monthly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System).

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Medical Insurance Trust			
	30-Year Expected			
	Target	Geometric Real Rate		
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return		
Global Equity	58.00%	5.40%		
Fixed Income	9.00%	0.00%		
Real Estate	6.50%	4.30%		
Private Equity	8.50%	7.70%		
Other Additional Categories	17.00%	2.50%		
Cash (LIBOR)	1.00%	-0.50%		
Total	100.0%			

	Life Insurance Trust			
	30-Year Expected			
	Target	Geometric Real Rate		
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return		
U.S. Equity	40.00%	4.30%		
International Equity	23.00%	5.60%		
Fixed Income	18.00%	0.00%		
Real Estate	6.00%	4.30%		
Private Equity	5.00%	7.70%		
Other Additional Categories	6.00%	2.50%		
Cash (LIBOR)	2.00%	-0.50%		
Total	100.00%			

### Note III – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the State's total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position--Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Growth	62.50%	
US Equity	18.75%	4.50%
Non-US Equity	18.75%	5.30%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.70%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.00%	3.90%
Liquidity	14.50%	
Core Bonds	13.50%	-0.25%
Cash	1.00%	-0.75%
Diversifying Strategies	23.00%	
Real Estate	5.00%	5.30%
Opportunistic	3.00%	2.25%
Real Return	15.00%	3.95%
Total	100.00%	

### Discount Rate

For TRS, the discount rate used to measure the TOL at June 30, 2022 was 7.10% for the Health Trust and 7.10% for the Life Trust.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows.

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%.
- The pre-65 retiree health care costs for members retired on or after July 1, 2010 were assumed to be paid by either the State or the retirees themselves.
- As administrative expenses, other than the administrative fee of \$8.00 PMPM paid to KEHP by TRS were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.

## Note III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (Continued)

### Discount Rate (Continued)

- Future contributions to the Health Trust were based upon the contribution rates defined in statute and the projected payroll of active employees. Per KRS 161.540(1).3 and 161.550(5), when the Health Trust achieves a sufficient prefunded status, as determined by the retirement system's actuary, the following Health Trust statutory contributions are to be decreased, suspended or eliminated:
  - Employee contributions
  - School District/University Contributions
  - State Contributions for KEHP premium subsidies payable to retirees who retire after June 30, 2010

To reflect these adjustments, open group projections were used and assumed an equal, pro rata reduction to the current statutory amounts in the years if/when the Health Trust is projected to achieve a Funded Ratio of 100% or more. Here, the current statutory amounts are adjusted to achieve total contributions equal to the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), as determined by the prior year's valuation and in accordance with the Health Trust's funding policy. As the specific methodology to be used for the adjustments has yet to be determined, there may be differences between the projected results and future experience. This may also include any changes to retiree contributions for KEHP coverage pursuant to KRS 161.674(4)(b).

- In developing the adjustments to the statutory contributions in future years, the following was assumed:
  - Liabilities and cash flows are net of expected retiree contributions and any implicit subsidy attributable to coverage while participating in KEHP.
  - For the purposes of developing estimates for new entrants, active headcounts were assumed to remain flat for all future years.

Based on these assumptions, the Health Trust's FNP was not projected to be depleted.

#### Life Trust Discount rate.

The discount rate used to measure the TOL as of the Measurement Date was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of the Life Trust's cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%
- The employer will contribute the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) in accordance with the Life Trust's funding policy determined by a valuation performed on a date two years prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the ADC applies.
- As administrative expenses were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Active employees do not explicitly contribute to the plan.
- Cash flows occurred mid-year.

Based on the assumptions, the Life Trust's FNP was not projected to be depleted.

Note III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (Continued)

### Long-term rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return on Health Trust and Life Trust investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

### **Risk management**

This district is exposed to various risks of loss related to forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accident, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, illegal acts, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies, which are retrospectively rated and includes Workers' Compensation insurance.

### Note III – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (Continued)

## **Long-Term Debt**

The Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting the school construction needs. Through a "participation agreement" with the District, the Commission agreed to pay annual debt service requirements on behalf of the District.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity at dates and redemption premiums specified in each issue. Assuming no issues are called prior to maturity, the minimum obligation of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, on June 30, 2023 for debt services are as follows:

				Beginning						D	ue within
	Interest	Maturity	Original Issue	Balance		Increases	 Decreases	En	ding Balance		one year
Governmental Activities:											
Revenue Bonds:											
Series 2014	1.50 - 3.625%	6/1/2034	\$ 3,420,000	\$ 2,645,00	0 \$	-	\$ 140,000	\$	2,505,000	\$	155,000
Series 2016	2.00 - 3.00%	5/1/2035	6,525,000	5,960,00	0	-	105,000		5,855,000		115,000
Series 2017	2.00 - 3.00%	3/1/2032	3,480,000	2,520,00	0	-	205,000		2,315,000		215,000
Refunding Revenue Bonds:											
Series 2011	0.75 - 2.375%	4/1/2023	10,670,000	1,235,00	0	-	1,235,000		-		-
Series 2014	2.00 - 3.50%	12/1/2029	18,770,000	12,025,00	0	-	905,000		11,120,000		1,390,000
Series 2015A	2.00 - 3.00%	12/1/2030	8,485,000	7,770,00	0	-	100,000		7,670,000		450,000
Series 2015B	2.00 - 2.25%	9/1/2025	3,485,000	1,455,00	0	-	370,000		1,085,000		375,000
Series 2016A	2.00 - 2.50%	12/1/2027	8,905,000	5,970,00	0	-	955,000		5,015,000		115,000
Series 2016B	2.00 - 2.375%	5/1/2029	7,260,000	5,930,00	0	-	580,000		5,350,000		735,000
Series 2020	1.35%	2/1/2031	505,000	430,00	<u> </u>	-	25,000		405,000		50,000
			\$ 71,505,000	\$ 45,940,00	0 \$	-	\$ 4,620,000	\$	41,320,000	\$	3,600,000
Other Liabilities											
Sick leave				\$ 550,81	5 \$	-	\$ 103,498	\$	447,317	\$	216,896
Pension Liability				14,851,74	8	1,807,314	-		16,659,062		-
OPEB Liability				11,475,08	6	4,252,771	-		15,727,857		-
<b>Total Other Liabilities</b>				26,877,64	9	6,060,085	103,498		32,834,236		216,896
Total Governmental Activity	ties Liabilities			\$ 72,817,64	9 \$	6,060,085	\$ 4,723,498	\$	74,154,236	\$	3,816,896

The future principal and interest payments on long-term debt are as follows:

	Dist	rict	Kentucky Sc	hool Facility	To	tal
Fiscal				_		_
Year						
Ending	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 3,983,757	\$ 1,099,598	\$ 501,243	\$ 61,623	\$ 4,485,000	\$ 1,161,221
2025	4,078,410	959,694	511,590	51,277	4,590,000	1,010,971
2026	4,201,737	855,371	488,263	40,178	4,690,000	895,549
2027	4,328,386	744,421	321,614	30,303	4,650,000	774,724
2028	4,459,271	624,896	215,729	23,315	4,675,000	648,211
2029	4,603,361	493,538	221,639	17,404	4,825,000	510,942
2030	4,770,911	345,169	149,089	11,280	4,920,000	356,449
2031	3,191,197	223,194	123,803	7,199	3,315,000	230,393
2032	1,304,268	155,574	30,732	4,895	1,335,000	160,469
2033	1,038,346	115,046	31,654	3,973	1,070,000	119,019
2034	1,082,397	81,989	32,603	3,023	1,115,000	85,012
2035	781,418	47,455	33,582 2,04		815,000	49,500
2036	800,410	24,012	34,590	1,038	835,000	25,050
	\$ 38,623,869	\$ 5,769,957	\$ 2,696,131	\$ 257,553	\$ 41,320,000	\$ 6,027,510

### Note III – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (Continued)

#### Interfund transfers

Interfund transfers are used to fund operations in the various accounts. The composition of interfund transfers as of June 30, 2023 is as follows:

		Tr	ansfers In	Tra	nsfers Out			
		From	Other Funds	To C	ther Funds			
General Fund		\$	3,365,351	\$	560,760			
Special Revenue Fund			86,594		179,401			
District Activity			68,655	70				
Student Activity			142,649		107,601			
Capital Outlay Fund			-		412,350			
Building Fund			-		6,284,214			
Construction			1,068,624		2,070,000			
Debt Service Fund			5,024,809		-			
Food Service Fund			-		141,653			
T	otals	\$	9,756,682	\$	9,756,682			

Transfers were made between funds to cover operations, indirect costs, construction projects, and debt service payments.

## **On-Behalf payments**

The Commonwealth of Kentucky makes payments on-behalf of the District for the employer's portion of health benefits, teacher's retirement, technology, and debt service.

Kentucky Teachers Retirement System	\$ 10,458,365
Health, Life, Vision & Dental Insurance	4,705,929
Technology	139,722
Debt Service	 832,351
Total On-Behalf	\$ 16,136,367

#### **Investments**

The District's investments on June 30, 2023 are as follows:

General Fund Investments	Rating	Maturities	F	air Value
Certificates of Deposit	N/R	1-5 years	\$	528,910
US Government Bonds	Aaa	a 1-5 years		398,651
			\$	927,561

#### Risk and Uncertainties

The District invests in investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit and market risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amount balances and the amounts reported in the financial statements.

### Note III - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (Continued)

### **Investments (Continued)**

#### Interest Rate Risk

The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### Credit Risk

Under Kentucky Revised Statutes Section 66.480, the District is authorized to invest in obligations of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contract for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States or of its agencies, obligations of any corporation or the United States government, certificates of deposit, commercial paper rated in one of the three highest categories by nationally recognized rating agencies and securities. Mutual funds shall be eligible investments pursuant to this section. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

The District's investments in CV Investments, is uninsured and uncollateralized.

Fair Value Measurement – The District's investments are measured and reported at fair value and classified according to the following hierarchy:

- Level 1 Investments reflect prices quoted on active markets.
- Level 2 Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include input in markets that are considered to be active.
- Level 3 Investments reflect prices based on unobservable sources.

Investments as noted in the above table are classified as Level 1 investments.

#### **New Pronouncements**

The GASB has issued the following reporting standards that will become effective for fiscal year 2023 and later years' financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62-the primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial report requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability.

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences-the objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. The objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures.

The District is currently evaluating the impact that will result from adopting these GASB standards and is therefore unable to disclose the impact that adopting these standards will have on the District's financial position and the results of its operations when the standards are adopted.

### Note III – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (Continued)

### **Commitments and Contingencies**

The District receives funding from Federal, State and Local Government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based upon the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advances, or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their pogroms.

The District is subject to various other legal actions in various stages of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the basic financial statements as a result of the cases presently under progress.

The district also had construction commitments for on-going projects at June 30, 2023.

### **Restatement of Beginning Balances**

The beginning fund balance for the General Fund was increased by \$7,724 to correct a prior year error. The beginning net position for the Food Service Fund was decreased by \$49,792 to account for the change in pension allocation between the funds.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability – TRS and CERS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Re	porting Fiscal Year		Reporting Fiscal Year		Reporting Fiscal Year	Re	porting Fiscal Year	Re	eporting Fiscal Year	Re	porting Fiscal Year	Re	porting Fiscal Year	Re	porting Fiscal Year
	(1)	/leasurement				leasurement	(IV	leasurement	(1)	/leasurement	(N	/leasurement	(1)	/leasurement	(N	leasurement
	(	Date)	(	Date)	(	Date)	(	Date)	(	Date)	(	Date)	(	Date)	,	Date)
		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016
		(2022)		(2021)		(2020)		(2019)		(2018)		(2017)		(2016)		(2015)
Teacher's Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)																
District's proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension liability		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%
State's proportionate share of pension																
liability associated with the District	\$	112,210,392	·	84,531,410	·	89,167,132	\$	84,728,763	\$	168,684,244	\$	182,723,668	\$	144,669,837	\$	122,991,359
Total	\$	112,210,392	\$	84,531,410	\$	89,167,132	\$	84,728,763	\$	168,684,244	\$	182,723,668	\$	144,669,837	\$	122,991,359
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	24,118,048	\$	23,269,070	\$	20,591,845	\$	18,394,531	\$	18,928,279	\$	18,260,022	\$	18,312,036	\$	18,016,715
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liablity		56.41%		65.59%		58.27%		58.80%		59.30%		39.80%		35.22%		42.49%
County Employee Retirement System (CERS) District's proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension		0.241294%		0.243142%		0.231611%		0.234756%		0.247339%		0.245751%		0.241810%		0.248350%
liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	17,443,176	\$	15,502,210	\$	17,764,372	\$	16,510,494	\$	15,063,700	\$	14,384,562	\$	11,905,816	\$	10,678,078
Total	\$	17,443,176	\$	15,502,210	\$	17,764,372	\$	16,510,494	\$	15,063,700	\$	14,384,562	\$	11,905,816	\$	10,678,078
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	7,641,218	\$	6,811,930	\$	6,244,058	\$	5,934,087	\$	6,147,811	\$	6,115,449	\$	6,003,620	\$	5,880,370
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll		228.28%		227.57%		284.50%		278.23%		245.03%		235.22%		198.31%		181.59%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		52.42%		57.33%		58.27%		50.45%		53.54%		53.30%		59.00%		59.97%

# Schedule of Contributions TRS and CERS - Pension For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Teacher's Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)				-				-	
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually		·	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	-			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll District's contributions as a percentage of its	\$ 24,118,048 0.00%	,,-	, ,-	\$ 18,394,531 0.00%	\$ 18,928,279 0.00%	\$ 18,260,022 0.00%	\$ 18,312,036 0.00%	\$ 18,016,715 0.00%	\$ - 0.00%
County Employee Retirement System (CERS) Contractually required contribution Contributions in related to the contractually	\$ 1,780,045 1,780,045	\$ 1,433,756 1,433,756		\$ 997,175 997,175	\$ 885,517 885,517	\$ 837,505 837,505	\$ 730,042 730,042	\$ 739,754 739,754	\$ -
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll District's contributions as a percentage of its	\$ 7,641,218 23.30%	,- ,		\$ 5,934,087 16.80%	\$ 6,147,811 14.40%	\$ 6,115,449 13.69%	\$ 6,003,620 12.16%	\$ 5,880,370 12.58%	\$ - 0.00%

## Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Pension For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

**TRS** 

## Changes of benefit terms

A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022. A description of the benefit provisions applicable to these members can be found in Schedule D of the actuary report found at <a href="https://trs.ky.gov/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/TRS-GASB-68-Report-2022-Actuary.pdf">https://trs.ky.gov/wp-content/uploads/2023/06/TRS-GASB-68-Report-2022-Actuary.pdf</a>.

## Changes of assumptions

- In 2014, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.16% to 5.23%.
- In 2015, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.23% to 4.88%.
- In 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation, the Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were adjusted to reflect a decrease. In addition, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.88% to 4.20%.
- In 2017, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%.
- In 2018, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.49% to 7.50%.
- In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was change to the Pub2010 Mortality Table (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent. In addition, the calculation of the SEIR results in an assumption change from 7.50% to 7.10%.

CERS
Changes of Benefit Terms
2022 None
2021 None
2020 None
2019 None
2018 None
2017 None
2016 None
Changes of Assumptions 2022 None

Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Pension For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

CERS (Continued)

2021 Pension and OPEB - the salary increase assumption changed from 3.30% - 10.30% to 3.30% - 11.55% OPEB - single discount rate changed from 5.68% to 5.34%

2020 Pension and OPEB - the salary increase assumption changed from 3.05% to 3.30% - 10.30% OPEB - single discount rate changed from 5.85% to 5.68%

2019 Pension and OPEB - the salary increases assumption was changed from 2.00% to 3.05% OPEB, the single discount rate changed from 5.84% to 5.85%

2018 Pension and OPEB - the assumed investment return was changed from 7.50% to 6.25%; the prince inflation assumption was changed from 3.25% to 2.40%, which also resulted in a 0.95% decrease in the salary increase assumption at all years of service; and the payroll growth assumption (applicable for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities) was changed from 4.00% to 2.00%. OPEB - the single discount rate changed from 6.89 to 5.84%.

2017 None

2016 Pension -the assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%; the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%; the assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%; payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%; and the assumed rates of retirement, withdrawal, and disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

Life Insurance Plan Changes of Benefit Terms

2022 Benefit change due to the benefit tier that was added for members joining the system after January 1, 2022.

2021 None

2020 None

2019 None

2018 None

**Changes of Assumptions** 

2022 The municipal bond index rate increased from 2.19% to 3.37%.

2021 The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.50% to 2.19%

2020 The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.89% to 3.50%

2019 The municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.89%

2018 None

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Medical & Life Insurance Plans - TRS – OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Reporting Fiscal						, ,				Rep	oorting Fiscal
		Year		Year		Year		Year		Year		Year
	(Ⅳ	leasurement	(N	leasurement	(N	leasurement	(N	leasurement	(№	leasurement	(M	easurement
		Date)		Date)		Date)		Date)		Date)		Date)
		2023		2022	2021		2020		2019			2018
		(2022)		(2021)		(2020)		(2019)		(2018)		(2017)
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN												
District's proportion of the collective OPEB liability		0.471575%		0.341324%		0.333261%		0.328576%		0.328940%		0.328850%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	11,707,000	\$	7,324,000	\$	8,411,000	\$	9,617,000	\$	11,413,106	\$	11,726,113
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District	_	3,846,000	_	5,948,000		6,737,000	_	7,766,000		9,836,000		9,579,000
Total	\$	15,553,000	\$	13,272,000	\$	15,148,000	\$	17,383,000	\$	21,249,106	\$	21,305,113
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	24,118,048	\$	23,269,070	\$	20,591,845	\$	18,394,531	\$	18,928,279	\$	18,260,022
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		48.54%		31.48%		40.85%		52.28%		60.30%		64.22%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB		47.75%		51.74%		39.05%		32.58%		25.50%		21.20%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN District's proportion of the collective OPEB liability		0.00000%		0.00000%		0.00000%		0.00000%		0.00000%		0.00000%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District		191,000		79,000		204,000		180,000		169,000		128,000
Total	\$	191,000	\$	79,000	\$	204,000	\$	180,000	\$	169,000	\$	128,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	24,118,048	\$	23,269,070	\$	20,591,845	\$	18,394,531	\$	18,928,279	\$	18,260,022
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB		73.97%		89.15%		71.57%		73.40%		75.00%		80.00%

## Schedule of the Contributions - TRS – OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN Contractually required contribution	\$	722,995	\$ 1,023,092	\$ 588,561	\$ 572,141	\$ 580,994	\$ 613,167
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		722,995	1,023,092	588,561	572,141	580,994	613,167
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -	\$ 
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ :	24,118,048	\$ 23,269,070	\$ 20,591,845	\$ 18,394,531	\$ 18,928,279	\$ 18,260,022
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		3.00%	4.40%	2.86%	3.11%	3.07%	3.36%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		<u>-</u>					
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ :	24,118,048	\$ 23,269,070	\$ 20,591,845	\$ 18,394,531	\$ 18,928,279	\$ 18,260,022
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

# Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – CERS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2023 (2022)		Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2022 (2021)			Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2021 (2020)		Reporting Fiscal Year leasurement Date) 2020 (2019)	F	Reporting Fiscal Year easurement Date) 2019 (2018)	F	Reporting Fiscal Year easurement Date) 2018 (2017)
HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN						, ,				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
District's proportion of the collective OPEB liability		0.241252%		0.243085%		0.231541%		0.234698%		0.247336%		0.245751%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	4,761,141	\$	4,653,741	\$	5,591,011	\$	3,947,515	\$	4,391,402	\$	4,940,437
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District								<u>-</u>				
Totals	\$	4,761,141	\$	4,653,741	\$	5,591,011	\$	3,947,515	\$	4,391,402	\$	4,940,437
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	7,641,218	\$	6,811,930	\$	6,244,058	\$	5,934,087	\$	6,147,811	\$	6,115,449
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		62.31%		68.32%		89.54%		66.52%		71.43%		80.79%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB		60.95%		58.41%		51.67%		60.44%		57.62%		52.39%

# Schedule of Contributions OPEB Liability – CERS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2023		2022	2021	2020	2019		2018
HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN Contractually required contribution	\$	257,878	\$ 391,455	\$ 282,393	\$ 311,477	\$ 323,375	\$	287,426
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		257,878	391,455	 282,393	311,477	323,375		287,426
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 	\$	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7	7,641,218	\$ 6,811,930	\$ 6,244,058	\$ 5,934,087	\$ 6,147,811	\$ (	6,115,449
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		3.37%	5.75%	4.52%	5.25%	5.26%		4.70%

# Notes to Required Supplementary Information – OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

**TRS** 

Note I - Changes of Benefit Terms

Health and Life Trust

June 30, 2022 (Valuation Date: June 30, 2021)

A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022.

June 30, 2021 (Valuation Date: June 30, 2020)

None

June 30, 2020 (Valuation Date: June 30, 2019)

None

June 30, 2019 (Valuation Date: June 30, 2018)

None

June 30, 2018 (Valuation Date: June 30, 2017)

**Health Trust** 

With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-singe subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP-participating members who retired prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the State will only finance, via its KEHP "shared responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

Life Trust - none

Note II - Changes to assumptions or other inputs

**Health Trust** 

The changes adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021, include various demographic and economic assumptions summarized below:

- Price Inflation changed assumed rate from 3.00% to 2.50%,
- Wage Inflation changed assumed rated from 3.50% to 2.75%,
- Assumed investment rate of return changed from 8.00% for the Health Trust and 7.50% for the Life Trust to 7.10% for both
- Assumed Salary Scale adjusted to reflect a decrease of 0.25% in merit and promotion for all ages
- Assumed rate of mortality have been revised to the Pub-2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table
  projected generationally with the MP-2020 improvement scale with various set-forwards, set-backs, and
  adjustments
- Assumed rate of Withdrawal, Disability, Retirement, and Mortality have been adjusted to more closely reflect experience, and
- Assumed rates of member and spousal participation have been adjusted to more closely reflect experience

Notes to Required Supplementary Information – OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

Life Trust

None

**CERS** 

Single discount rates of 5.20% for the CERS non-hazardous insurance plan and 5.05% for the CERS hazardous insurance plan were used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021. The singe discount rates are based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.25% and a municipal bond rate of 1.92%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2021. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, each plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected separately and were sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the plan. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy is not currently being included in the calculation of the plan's actuarially determined contributions, and it is our understanding that any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the plan's trust. Therefore, municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

# Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Dist	rict Activity Fund	Stud	ent Activity Fund	Cap	ital Outlay Fund	Progra	y Support am (FSKP) <sup>F</sup> und	 Service	Total on-Major Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	170,479	\$	794,676	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 965,155
Investments		-		-		-		-	-	-
Interfund receivables		-		-		-		-	-	-
Receivables										
Taxes-current		-		-		-		-	-	-
Accounts		-		-		-		-	-	-
Intergovernmental - state		-		-		-		-	-	-
Intergovernmental - federal						-		-	 =	
Total assets		170,479		794,676		-		-	-	 965,155
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable		2,676		-		-		-	-	2,676
Interfund payable		-		-		-		-	-	-
Unearned revenue				-		-		-	-	-
Total liabilities		2,676		-		-		-	-	2,676
FUND BALANCE										
Restricted		167,803		794,676		-		-	-	962,479
Committed		-		-		-		-	-	-
Unassigned		-		-		-		-	-	-
Total fund balance		167,803		794,676		-		-	-	962,479
TOTAL LIABLITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	170,479	\$	794,676	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 965,155

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Facility		_	
				Support		Total	
	District	Student	Capital Outlay	Program	Debt Service	Non-Major 	
Davisarios	Activity Fund	Activity Fund	Fund	(FSKP) Fund	Fund	Funds	
Revenues  From Local Sources							
From Local Sources							
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,702,151	\$ -	\$ 5,702,151	
Property Motor vehicle	<b>\$</b> -	<b>\$</b> -	Ş -	\$ 5,702,151	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 5,702,151	
Distilled Spirits	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Utilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Earnings on investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Tuition	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Student activities	- 74,591	1,443,537	_	_	_	- 1,518,128	
Other local revenue	24,437	62,423		_		86,860	
Intergovernmental - state	24,437	02,423	412,350	582,063	832,351	1,826,764	
Intergovernmental - state	-	-	412,330	362,003	032,331	1,820,704	
Total revenues	99,028	1,505,960	412,350	6,284,214	832,351	9,133,903	
TotalTevellues	33,028	1,303,900	412,330	0,284,214	832,331	9,133,903	
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction	234,309	1,572,833	-	-	-	1,807,142	
Support services							
Student	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Instructional staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	
District Administration	-	-	-	-	-	-	
School Administration	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Business	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Plant operation and maintenance	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Student Transportation	2,068	3,726	-	-	-	5,794	
Day care	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Community Services Operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Land/Site acquisitions	-	-	-	-	-	-	
<b>Building Acquisition and Construction</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Building Improvements	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Debt service							
Principal	-	-	-	-	4,620,000	4,620,000	
Interest					1,237,160	1,237,160	
Total expenditures	236,377	1,576,559			5,857,160	7,670,096	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER							
EXPENDITURES	(137,349)	(70,599)	412,350	6,284,214	(5,024,809)	1,463,807	
	(137,349)	(70,533)	412,330	0,284,214	(3,024,803)	1,403,807	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Operating transfers in	68,655	142,649	-	-	5,024,809	5,236,113	
Operating transfers (out)	(703)	(107,601)	(412,350)	(6,284,214)		(6,804,868)	
Total other financing sources and (uses)	67,952	35,048	(412,350)	(6,284,214)	5,024,809	(1,568,755)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(69,397)	(35,551)	_	_	_	(104,948)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING (restated)	237,200	(35,551) 830,227	-	-	-	1,067,427	
TOTAL DALANCE - DEGINNING (TEStated)	237,200					1,007,427	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 167,803	\$ 794,676	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 962,479	

# Student Activity Funds – Combining Schedule of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements and Cash Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		CASH						CASH
	BALANCES					BALANCES		
School	Jul	y 1, 2022	RECEIPTS		DISBURSEMENTS		June	e 30, 2023
Nelson County High School	\$	275,673	\$	488,773	\$	474,482	\$	289,964
Thomas Nelson High School		157,264		453,830		490,603		120,491
Bloomfield Middle School		53,432		106,484		98,860		61,056
New Haven Elementary School		82,599		77,850		70,873		89,576
Bloomfield Elementary School		30,245		47,479		45,476		32,248
Arts Collaboration		-		317		-		317
The Academy		900		-		-		900
Boston Elementary School		37,930		66,386		59,635		44,681
Cox's Creek Elementary School		31,875		88,768		108,343		12,300
Foster Heights Elementary School		89,879		103,473		121,965		71,387
Nelson County Early Learning Center		7,371		12,951		14,346		5,976
Old Kentucky Home Middle School		50,496		114,727		111,044		54,179
Vocational School		12,005		27,804		28,208		11,601
Total School Activity Funds	\$	829,669	\$	1,588,842	\$	1,623,835	\$	794,676

## Student Activity Funds – Nelson County High School

# Schedule of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements and Cash Balances

## For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	CASH			CASH	
	BALANCES	RECEIPTS	DISBURSEMENTS	BALANCES	
Activity	July 1, 2022	AND TRANSFERS	AND TRANSFERS	June 30, 2023	
GENERAL	\$ 6,029	\$ 5,938	\$ 5,822	\$ 6,145	
STAFF VENDING	443	60	93	410	
SCHOOL STORE	-	5,699	5,120	579	
AP EXAM	1,777	1,350	645	2,482	
FRYSC	3,700	350	610	3,440	
STUDENT VENDING	2,039	49	-	2,088	
PROJECT GRADUATION	2,772	26,318	25,053	4,037	
PROMOTION	101	-	-	101	
ATHLETICS	59,584	111,882	139,380	32,086	
ATHLETIC VENDING	1,717	-	1,717	-	
CONCESSIONS	11,835	60,209	49,399	22,645	
FOOTBALL	21,341	24,971	32,412	13,900	
BOYS BASKETBALL	9,560	17,601	21,792	5,369	
GIRLS BASKETBALL	516	12,778	6,311	6,983	
BOYS SOCCER	2,005	11,131	9,973	3,163	
GIRLS SOCCER	8,362	8,030	9,077	7,315	
VOLLEYBALL	7,331	13,812	9,154	11,989	
CHEERLEADERS	2,988	3,434	5,077	1,345	
BOWLING	64	-	-	64	
TRACK/XCOUNTRY	8,480	7,186	10,699	4,967	
GOLF	3,033	-	2,491	542	
DANCE	955	11,203	10,661	1,497	
ARCHERY	10,258	9,401	9,045	10,614	
TENNIS	925	1,107	2,031	1	
BASEBALL	1,164	21,310	19,287	3,187	
SOFTBALL	6,659	17,897	17,651	6,905	
SWIM TEAM	3,444	4,058	4,963	2,539	
WRESTLING	460	12,827	6,997	6,290	
BASS FISHING	1,984	2,206	1,795	2,395	
LITTLE LEAGUE BASKETBALL	-	28,905	18,034	10,871	
LITTLE LEAGUE FOOTBALL	-	7,406	-	7,406	
UNIFIED BASKETBALL	924	-	182	742	
ESPORTS	11	654	361	304	
TRACK	-	8,591	6,030	2,561	
NORTH NELSON WRESTLING	-	663	663	· -	
ATHLETICS DISTRICT-REGION	-	12,881	9,565	3,316	
LL BASEBALL	-	16,629	12,027	4,602	
LL VOLLEYBALL	-	1,480	1,480	, -	
STUDENT LEADERSHIP	4,524	104	1,283	3,345	
KYA	248	-	-	248	
KEY CLUB	1,762	3,139	3,330	1,571	
	,	-,	-,	,- –	

NELSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Student Activity Funds – Nelson County High School
Schedule of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Cash Balances
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023
(Continued)

	CASH						CASH
	BALANCES		RECEIPTS		SEMENTS	BALANCES	
Activity	1, 2022		TRANSFERS		ANSFERS	June 30, 2023	
BETA	\$ 880	\$	9,471	\$	9,472	\$	879
FBLA	1,619		7,641		7,707		1,553
STLP	68		-		68		-
FFA	2,367		1,560		3,927		-
OUTDOOR CLASSROOM	1,101		7,820		500		8,421
FFA REGION	4,837		2,054		2,115		4,776
FFA ALUMNI	103		-		-		103
ACADEMIC TEAM	196		2,620		2,816		-
NHS	628		330		540		418
PEPBLUB	491		-		-		491
FCA	744		-		27		717
YEARBOOK	33,043		3,422		733		35,732
DANCES	8,017		15,410		9,175		14,252
CHOIR	140		68		208		-
DRAMA	15,674		2,535		6,572		11,637
BAND	9,584		5,479		8,253		6,810
ROTC	5,243		-		2,444		2,799
ART	545		200		640		105
CLUB 1	142		-		-		142
CLUB 2	1,550		-		536		1,014
GIFTED MINDS LEADERS	1,309		-		-		1,309
STUDENT ENTERPRISE	297		2,835		2,512		620
ARTS COLLAB	-		444		402		42
CLUB 3	100		-		-		100
Subtotal	275,673		533,148		518,857		289,964
Interfund Transfers	 		(44,375)		(44,375)		
Total	\$ 275,673	\$	488,773	\$	474,482	\$	289,964

## Student Activity Funds – Thomas Nelson High School

# Schedule of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements and Cash Balances

## For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		CASH			CASH		
	ВА	LANCES	RECEIPTS	DISBURSEMENTS	BALANCES		
Activity	July	/ 1, 2022	AND TRANSFERS	AND TRANSFERS	June 30, 2023		
GENERAL	\$	2,382	\$ 2,959	\$ 1,808	\$ 3,533		
STAFF VENDING		121	1,129	758	492		
SCHOOL STORE		1,215	4,632	1,599	4,248		
AP EXAM		1,198	1,658	1,604	1,252		
FRYSC		3,213	4,700	5,450	2,463		
PROJECT GRADUATION		1,405	13,425	14,752	78		
HOUSE 1		941	254	-	1,195		
HOUSE 2		8	253	239	22		
HOUSE 3		49	116	116	49		
HOUSE 4		888	155	155	888		
LIBRARY		467	-	-	467		
PROMOTION		2,181	100	1,200	1,081		
PE		114	-	-	114		
ATHLETICS		19,824	94,122	103,829	10,117		
GATE CHANGE		-	-	-	-		
CONCESSIONS		9,236	42,220	42,673	8,783		
CONCESSION EQUIPMENT		3,198	-	1,459	1,739		
FOOTBALL		2,676	26,474	22,653	6,497		
BOYS BASKETBALL		2,626	23,508	24,531	1,603		
GIRLS BASKETBALL		10,619	20,050	25,766	4,903		
BOYS SOCCER		7,873	11,161	12,443	6,591		
GIRLS SOCCER		3,071	3,552	5,601	1,022		
VOLLEYBALL		2,859	16,717	13,108	6,468		
CHEERLEADERS		717	10,361	11,078	-		
BOWLING		1,029	470	925	574		
TRACK/XCOUNTRY		404	21,249	21,184	469		
GOLF		1,049	880	1,929	-		
DANCES		1,099	-	-	1,099		
ARCHERY		1,403	9,033	7,977	2,459		
TENNIS		86	1,149	1,012	223		
BASEBALL		12,608	14,917	27,446	79		
SOFTBALL		5,054	6,654	9,464	2,244		
SWIM TEAM		1,770	920	1,463	1,227		
WRESTLING		-	5,200	5,200	-		
BASS FISHING		1,546	5,461	4,306	2,701		
LITTLE LEAGUE BASKEBALL		1,089	-	1,089	-		
LITTLE LEAGUE FOOTBALL		201	-	-	201		
ESPORTS		91	320	204	207		
MS BASEBALL		-	379	200	179		
MS SOCCER		-	561	80	481		
MS GIRLS SOCCER		-	1,750	852	898		

NELSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Student Activity Funds – Thomas Nelson High School
Schedule of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Cash Balances
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023
(Continued)

	CASH			CASH	
	BALANCES	RECEIPTS	DISBURSEMENTS	BALANCES	
Activity	July 1, 2022	AND TRANSFERS	AND TRANSFERS	June 30, 2023	
STUDENT LEADERSHIP	\$ 4,731	\$ 23,735	\$ 23,698	\$ 4,768	
KYA	1,503	-	-	1,503	
KEY CLUB	4,035	-	-	4,035	
BETA	3,309	8,615	10,644	1,280	
FBLA	1,637	3,508	3,099	2,046	
STLP	8	-	-	8	
FFA	6,496	46,553	49,640	3,409	
OUTDOOR CLASSROOM	5,885	17,298	13,279	9,904	
FFA ALUMNI	3,382	-	2,000	1,382	
SPEECH	1,309	-	-	1,309	
ACADEMIC TEAM	38	337	375	-	
NHS	970	-	885	85	
PEP CLUB	229	-	-	229	
FCA	251	-	-	251	
YEARBOOK	558	90	-	648	
CHOIR	995	4,535	5,232	298	
DRAMA	7,206	8,544	7,962	7,788	
BAND	808	8,168	7,447	1,529	
ART	264	-	-	264	
CLUB 1	404	-	188	216	
CLUB 2	8,836	1,925	7,968	2,793	
CLUB 3	100			100	
Subtotal	157,264	469,797	506,570	120,491	
Interfund Transfers		(15,967)	(15,967)		
Total	\$ 157,264	\$ 453,830	\$ 490,603	\$ 120,491	

# NELSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

FEDERAL ASSISTANCE

	ASSISTANCE			
FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH	LISTING	PASS THROUGH ENTITY	PROVIDED TO	TOTAL FEDERAL
GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE/SUBTITLE	NUMBER	IDENTIFYING NUMBER	SUBRECIPIENTS	EXPENDITURES
UNITED STATES DEPARMENT OF AGRICULTURE Child Nutrition Cluster -				
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education: School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-22 7760005-23		\$ 216,907 620,129
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education:				837,036
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	7690024-22		3,063
		7740023-22		29,760
				32,823
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education:	10.555	7750002-22		461,859
National School Lunch Program		7750002-23		1,407,392
		9980000-22 9980000-23		109,832 50,617
		9980000-23		2,029,700
Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities)				,,
National School Lunch Program	10.555	4003435		181,663
TOTAL CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER				3,081,222
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education:				
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7790021-22 7790021-23		7,330 36,971
		7790021-23		44,301
Secondary Education, Two-Year Postsecondary Education,				
And Agriculture In The K-12 Classroom	10.226	Direct		12,528
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education: State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	7700001-20		4,784
Farm To School State Formula Grant	10.575	Direct		38,738
Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.649	9990000-22		3,135
TOTAL UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				3,184,708
UNITED STATES DEPARMENT OF JUSTICE				
Public Safety Partnership And Community Policing Grants	16.710	Direct		138,328
TOTAL UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				138,328
UNITED STATES DEPARMENT OF LABOR WIOA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants	17.278	Direct		17,051
TOTAL UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR				17,051
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Special Education Cluster -				
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education:				
Special Education Grants to States	84.027A	3810002-21		270,769
December of Theory of Marketine, December of Education.		3810002-22		665,735
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education: Special Education Grants to States Plan Act of 2021 (ARP)	84.027X	4910002-21		242,223
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education:				
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173A	3800002-21		43,614
		3800002-22		37,134

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

# NELSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

	FEDERAL			
FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH	ASSISTANCE LISTING	PASS THROUGH ENTITY	PROVIDED TO	TOTAL FEDERAL
GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE/SUBTITLE	NUMBER	IDENTIFYING NUMBER	SUBRECIPIENTS	EXPENDITURES
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION (CONTINUED)	TOWNER	IDENTII TIIVO NOMBER	SOBRECH IEIVIS	EXI ENDITORES
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education: Individuals With Disabilities Education Act/American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARP)	84.173X	4900002-21		\$ 6,318
TOTAL SPECIAL EDUCATION CLUSTER				1,265,793
				· · ·
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	3100002-21		4,090
		3100002-22 3100002-23		155,074
		3100002-23		615,558 774,722
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education:				777,722
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048	3710002-21		2,005
		3710002-22		51,820
				53,825
School Safety National Activities	84.184	Direct		158,362
·				
Passed Through Save The Children Federation, Inc.	04 207	2400002 24		457.704
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	3400002-21 3400002-22		157,704 204,914
		3400002 22		362,618
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education:				302,010
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	3230002-20		12,750
		3230002-21		43,924
		3300002-22		113,469
D 171 1 1 1 1 D 1 1 1 1 5 1 1 1				170,143
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education: Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	3420002-21		753
Student Support and Academic Enficience Frogram	04.424A	3420002-21		2,191
		3420002-23		1,652
				4,596
Passed Through Kentucky Division of Family Resource And Youth	Service Centers			
Education Stabilization Fund				
Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund	84.425C	CARE-20, 147		98,498
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education:				
Education Stabilization Fund				
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	0.4.40==			
Plan Act of 2021 (ARP)	84.425D	4200002-21		1,285,083
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education:				
Education Stabilization Fund Plan Act of 2021 (ARP)	84.425U	4300002-21		1,120,613
		4300003-21		5,046
				1,125,659
Total Education Stabilization Fund				2,509,240
TOTAL UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				5,299,299

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NELSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

	FEDERAL				
	ASSISTANCE				
FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH	LISTING	PASS THROUGH ENTITY	PROVIDED TO	TOT	AL FEDERAL
GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE/SUBTITLE	NUMBER	IDENTIFYING NUMBER	SUBRECIPIENTS	EXP	ENDITURES
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES					
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education:					
Cooperative Agreements To Promote Adolecent Health Through	h				
School-Based HIV/STD Prevention And School-Based Surveilla	93.079	2100001-21		\$	300
		2100001-22			84,444
					84,744
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education:					
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	PON27362200000980			484,241
		CRRSA			72,167
					556,408
TOTAL UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMA	N SERVICES				641,152
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ -	\$	9,280,538

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes federal grant activity of the Nelson County School District under the programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in the schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Nelson County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

### **Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies**

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represents adjustment or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

### **Note 3. Food Distribution**

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received and disburse. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District received food commodities totaling \$181,663.

#### **Note 4. Indirect Cost Rate**

The Nelson County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.



124 Candlewood Drive Winchester, KY 40391

# Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Board of Education of the Nelson County School District Bardstown, KY

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract, Including Appendix II Instructions for Submissions of the Audit Report,* the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Nelson County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Nelson County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 10, 2023.

### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Nelson County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Nelson County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Nelson County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Nelson County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Patrick & Associates, LLC Winchester, Kentucky

farming R. Fatrick, CPA

November 10, 2023



# Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance for Each Major Program And On Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Board of Education of the Nelson County School District Bardstown, KY

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Nelson County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Nelson County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The Nelson County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Nelson County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract, Including Appendix II – Instruction for Submission of the Audit Report*. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Nelson County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Nelson County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

## Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Nelson County School District's federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Nelson County School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, Uniform Guidance, and the Independent Auditor's Contract, will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Nelson County School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, Uniform Guidance, and the Independent Auditor's Contract, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Nelson County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Nelson County School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
  in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal
  control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Nelson County School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly,
  no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

farming R. Fetrick, CPA

Patrick & Associates, LLC Winchester, Kentucky

November 10, 2023

### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

### **SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS**

What type of report was issued for the financial statements?

Unmodified

Were there significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed?

None Reported

If so, were any significant deficiencies material (GAGAS)?

Were any material noncompliances reported (GAGAS)?

Were there material weaknesses in internal control disclosed

for major programs?

Were there any significant deficience is in internal control

disclosed that were not considered to be material weaknesses?

None Reported

What type of report was issued on compliance for major programs?

Unmodified

Did the audit disclose findings as it relates to major programs that

are required to be reported as described in Uniform Guidance?

Major Programs Title I Grants To Local Educational Agencies
[Federal Assistance Number 84.010A]

Education Stabilization Fund

[Federal Assistance Number 84.425C, 84.425D, and 84.425U]

Dollar threshold of Type A and B programs? \$750,000

Low risk auditee?

## FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

No findings at the financial statement level.

### FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARDS PROGRAMS AUDIT

No major federal award findings.

### <u>SUMMARY SCHEDULE – PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS</u>

#### FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

There were no prior year findings.

### FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

There were no prior year findings.